

**2017 WJCL STATE CONVENTION
ADVANCED DIVISION
Round III**

1. The **Lex Vatinia** granted what Roman a five-year governorship of Illyricum and Gallia Cisalpina, enabling him to wage his Gallic Wars? **C. JULIUS CAESAR**
 B1: The **Lex Plautia Papiria** did much to end what Italian war of the early 1st-century BC? **SOCIAL/MARSIC/ITALIAN WAR**
 B2: What late emperor established the first university in the world in Constantinople, had the longest rule since Augustus, and created a codification of law which largely inspired Justinian's **Codex Justinianus**? **THEODOSIUS II**

2. Translate the following sentence from English to Latin, using a supine: "The pain was hard to bear." **DOLOR ERAT DIFFICILIS LATŪ**
 B1: Now translate that sentence into Latin, using a deponent: **DOLOR ERAT DIFFICILIS PASSŪ**
 B2: Now translate this sentence into Latin: "He said that the city was going to be captured." **DĪXIT URBEM CAPTUM IRI**

3. Welcome back to **Bibliotheca Romana**! What 20th century novel would be rendered into Latin as **Fortis Novus Mundus**? **BRAVE NEW WORLD**
 B1: What American classic would be known as **Uvae Irae**? **THE GRAPES OF WRATH**
 B2: What adventure novel would be known as **Vocatus Ferociae**? **THE CALL OF THE WILD**

4. What creatures lived on the island of Anthemoessa, luring sailors including Butes towards death with their sweet songs? **SIRENS**
 B1: What group of women lived at the city of Themiscyra and were renowned for warfare? **AMAZONS**
 B2: What man-eating giants lived at the city of Telepylus? **LAESTRYGONIANS**

5. What author's minor works include an address to his wife, Polla Argentaria, although he is better known for an audacious epic on the civil war between Caesar and Pompey? **LUCAN**
 B1: What was the name of this epic? **BELLUM CIVILE/PHARSALIA**
 B2: At what young age did Lucan die? **25/26**

[SCORE CHECK]

6. What emperor wrote that it was "the spirit of our age" to persecute Christians in a letter to Pliny the Younger but is better remembered for bringing the Roman empire to its greatest territorial extent? **TRAJAN**
 B1: By defeating Decebalus, what territory did Trajan add to the empire? **DACIA**
 B2: What did Trajan build over Nero's **Domus Aurea**? **HIS BATHS**

7. Listen carefully to the following passage about the the start of Jason’s journey, which I will read twice, and answer in **ENGLISH** the question that follows:

Erant ōlim in Thessaliā duo frātrēs, quōrum alter Aesōn, alter Peliās appellātus est. Hōrum Aesōn prīmus rēgnum obtinuerat; at post paucōs annōs Peliās, rēgnī cupiditāte adductus, nōn modo frātre suum expulit, sed etiam in animō habēbat Iasōnem, Aesonis filium interficere.

The question: Where did the two brothers live?

THESSALY

B1+B2: What two things did Pelias have in mind?

KILL JASON and EXPEL HIS FATHER

8. What late Latin author recounts how he would fast, only to consume Cicero afterwards, although he did the find the twenty years necessary to translate the Bible into Latin?

ST. JEROME

B1: What work of Jerome, modelled on a work of Suetonius with the same title, is a set of biographies of notable Christian writers?

DE VIRIS ILLUSTRIBUS

B2: In what province, also the birthplace of Diocletian, was Jerome born?

DALMATIA

9. What hero was told by Polyeidus to sleep in the temple of Athena in order to discover how to tame Pegasus?

BELLEROPHON

B1: What object did Athena give to Bellerophon to help him tame the horse?

GOLDEN BRIDLE

B2: What monster did Bellerophon then slay?

CHIMAERA

10. For the verb **stupeo**, give the third person plural present active subjunctive.

STUPEANT

B1: Make that form perfect.

STUPUERINT

B2: Make that form passive.

DOES NOT EXIST (NO 4TH PP)

[SCORE CHECK]

11. All of what author’s works were written in elegiacs, except for his magnum opus, a 15-book narrative poem describing mythological transformations?

OVID

B1: What work of Ovid, his first published work, is a collection of elegies dedicated to Corinna and contains an elegy on the death of her pet parrot?

AMORES

B2: What work of Ovid, a collection of poems written after Ovid’s exile, opens with a tour of Rome, which does not mention a number of monuments of Augustus and Caesar?

TRISTIA

12. What use of the ablative case is found in the following sentence: **Duce militēs vocante, hostēs fūgērunt?**

ABSOLUTE

B1: What use of the accusative case is found in the following line from Horace: **Otium**

divōs rogat in patentī prensus Aegaeō?

DOUBLE ACCUSATIVE

B2: What use of the genitive case is found in the following sentence: **Noster timor bellī est magnus?** **OBJECTIVE**

13. Which of the following, if any, is not derived from the same Latin root as the others: **nonchalant, calorie, coddle, callous?** **CALLOUS**

B1: Which of the following, if any, is not derived from the same Latin root as the others: **foil, foyer, fuel, focal?** **FOIL**

B1: Which of the following, if any, is not derived from the same Latin root as the others: **demeanor, menu, minute, mince?** **DEMEANOR**

14. What hero could find no one to light his funeral pyre while he was suffering from the poison of the centaur Nessus' blood? **HERACLES**

B1: Who eventually lit the funeral pyre, receiving Heracles' bow and arrows as thanks? **POEAS/PHILOCTETES**

B2: What goddess did Heracles marry on Mt. Olympus? **HEBE**

[SCORE CHECK]

15. Its name derived from the Latin word for mouth, what Italian city's harbor was overhauled in 42 AD by Claudius, enabling its rise as Rome's preeminent seaport? **OSTIA**

B1: What nearby colony served as the site of a 338 BC battle, in which the Romans seized the **rostra** of the enemy ships and installed them in the forum? **ANTIUM**

B2: What city was the site of the colony **Aelia Capitolina**, built under the emperor Hadrian following its capture by Vespasian and Titus? **JERUSALEM**

[SCORE CHECK]